

Name: _____ Date: _____

Student Exploration: Summer and Winter

Vocabulary: axis, equator, hemisphere, latitude, season, summer solstice, winter solstice

Prior Knowledge Questions (Do these BEFORE using the Gizmo.)

1. When during the year is the Sun highest in the sky? _____ Lowest? _____
2. When during the year are days longest? _____ Shortest? _____
3. Why do you think it is colder during the winter than the summer? _____

Gizmo Warm-up

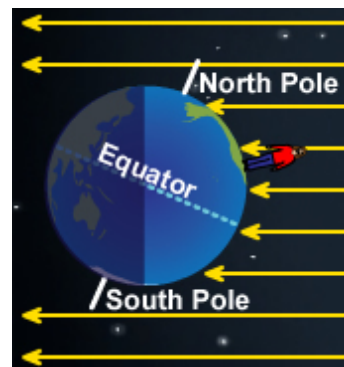
The **Space** tab of the *Summer and Winter* Gizmo™ shows two different “snapshots” of Earth as it orbits the Sun. The Earth at left shows June 21. The Earth at right shows December 21.

1. The white line going through the North Pole and the South Pole is Earth’s **axis**.

Does the axis go straight up and down, or is it tilted? _____

2. Your **latitude** indicates how far you are from the **equator**, a line around Earth’s middle. The person in the Gizmo has the same latitude on each date.

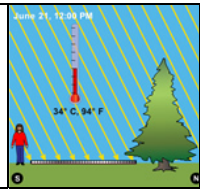
Turn on **Show Sun rays** and slowly drag the person on the left Earth toward the North Pole. What do you notice about how the Sun rays hit the person as she is moved northward?



3. The half of Earth north of the equator (the “top” half) is called the northern **hemisphere**. (Hemisphere means “half a sphere”.) The southern half is the southern hemisphere.

A. Which hemisphere receives more direct sunlight on June 21? _____

B. Which hemisphere receives more direct sunlight on December 21? _____

Activity A: Reasons for seasons	<u>Get the Gizmo ready:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Space tab, drag the person to 40° N latitude. (This is the latitude of New York City.) Check that Show Sun rays is on. 	
--	--	---

Introduction: A **season** is a major division of the year, based on regular weather changes. Most of the world has four seasons – winter, spring, summer, and autumn (fall). The **summer solstice** is the first day of summer. The **winter solstice** is the first day of winter.

Question: Why is it colder in winter than summer?


1. Form hypothesis: In the northern hemisphere, why do you think it is colder in December than in June? _____

2. Collect data: Select the **Earth** tab. Record the following data for the 40° N location:
- The number of Sun rays hitting the solar panel on June 21 and December 21.
 - The temperature on each date.
 - The **June 21 day length** and **December 21 day length**.
 - The angle of the Sun's rays on each date. (Turn on **Show protractor**.)

Date	Rays on panel	Temp. (°C)	Day length	Sun ray angle
June 21				
December 21				

3. Analyze: Look at your data table.
- A. On which date are there more hours of daylight? _____
- B. On which date does more sunlight hit the solar panel? _____
- C. How does the angle of sun rays relate to the temperature? _____

4. Draw conclusions: Why is it colder in winter than summer? Give *two* reasons. _____

<p>Activity B: Southern seasons</p>	<p><u>Get the Gizmo ready:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On the Space tab, drag the person latitude 40° S. (This is close to the latitude of Wellington, New Zealand.) 	
---	---	---

Question: What are seasons like in the southern hemisphere?

1. Form hypothesis: Look at how the Sun rays hit the person in the southern hemisphere on June 21 and December 21. Which date do you think is warmer? Why?

2. Collect data: Select the **Earth** tab. Fill in the information for the latitude 40° S, on June 21 and December 21. (To measure the Sun ray angle, select **Show protractor**. The angle will be between 0 and 90 degrees.)

Date	Rays on panel	Temp. (°C)	Day length	Sun ray angle
June 21				
December 21				

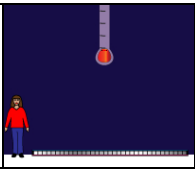
3. Analyze: What is the first day of winter in the southern hemisphere? _____
 What is the first day of summer in the southern hemisphere? _____

4. Draw conclusions: How are seasons in the southern hemisphere related to seasons in the northern hemisphere? _____

5. Extend: On the **Space** tab, drag the **axis** to 0° (straight up and down). How does this affect seasons on the **Earth** tab? _____

6. Apply: What would seasons be like if Earth's axis were tilted *more* than 23.5°? _____

Use the Gizmo to test your prediction. Were you correct? _____

Activity C: Extreme seasons	<u>Get the Gizmo ready:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click Reset tilt to change the axis tilt back to 23.5°. On the Space tab, drag the person to the North Pole (90° N). 	
--	---	---

Question: What are seasons like at the poles and equator?

1. Collect data: Select the **Earth** tab. Fill in the data for the North Pole, on June 21 and December 21. (To measure the Sun ray angle, select **Show protractor.**)

Date	Rays on panel	Temp. (°C)	Day length	Sun ray angle
June 21				
December 21				

2. Analyze: What do you notice about the seasons on the North Pole? _____

3. Collect data: Click on the **Space** tab, and drag the person to the equator (latitude 0°). Select the **Earth** tab and fill in the data table for this location.

Date	Rays on panel	Temp. (°C)	Day length	Sun ray angle
June 21				
December 21				

4. Analyze: What do you notice about the seasons on the equator? _____

5. Draw conclusions: Describe what June 21 and December 21 would be like on the North Pole and the equator. _____

